

Level 6 Week 9 Workbook



Level 6

- Adult Guide

The pupil workbook is designed to provide your children with opportunities to consolidate and practise the core phonics skills they have learned during their daily phonics teaching. Once children are familiar with the structure of the workbook, they should be able to work through most of the activities independently, while you spend time working with those children who would benefit from further adult support.

The activities can be completed in any order and you can choose whether children should complete all of the practice activities or whether they should focus on consolidating specific skills.

Lesson 1

Write the common exception words.

Encourage children to identify and colour the tricky part of the common exception words. Write the words below on the lines, saying each letter name as they write. There are further opportunities to practise these spellings throughout the week.

Spell the missing words.

Encourage the children to look at the picture and read the root word and sentence. Identify the missing word (it will contain one of the focus suffixes) and add the appropriate suffix to the root word. Encourage the children to think about how to add the suffix to spell the word correctly.

Answer the questions.

Children read the silly questions containing decodable words and common exception words and then answer the question by circling 'yes' or 'no'.

Lesson 2

Read and match.

Depending on the children's stage of development, encourage them to read or use their blending skills to sound out and read the decodable words and then draw a line to match the sentences to the corresponding picture. There is a 'spare' image that does not have a corresponding sentence to ensure that children are reading all of the sentences and not just the first three.

Lesson 3

Read the story.

Encourage the children to read the story, sounding out and decoding the words where appropriate. Once they have read the story once, they can reread the text to look for and highlight all of the words that contain the focus suffixes. Common exception words that have been previously taught for reading are also included in the story.

Write the root word and add the suffixes.

Encourage the children to look at the words (containing the focus suffixes) they found in the story. Choose some of the words and identify the root word. Write the root word and the word with the added suffixes in the table.

Lesson 4

Write the common exception words.

This is the second opportunity to practise spelling the focus common exception words for the week. Revisiting and regular spelling practice helps children to attain rapid recall. Encourage the children to identify the tricky part of the common exception words and either underline it or write it in a different colour. Write the words on the lines, saying each letter name as they write.

Add the suffixes to the root word.

Ask children to add the suffixes to the root word. Encourage them to think about what they need to do to add each suffix. For example, do they need to remove any letters or add more while adding the suffix? Children write the words in the table.

Lesson 5

Write the sentence your teacher says.

This is an adult-led dictation activity where the adult reads aloud each of the sentences that can be found in the table below.

When writing the words in the sentences, encourage children to say the word aloud, count the phonemes and write down the grapheme for each phoneme as they say it. Encourage them to think about how to add the focus suffixes to the words, e.g. remove the 'y', replace with an 'i' and add -er. Encourage the children to think about which grapheme to choose by thinking about where the phoneme is in the word and what letter (if any) is following it, e.g. if the /igh/ phoneme is at the end of the word, it is likely to be 'y' (by, try, reply) or possibly 'igh' (sigh, high). Common exception words that have been previously taught for spelling are also included in the sentences. Encourage children to recall the tricky part of the word when spelling.

Children should then be encouraged to check what they have written by reading it back. Encourage children to work as independently as possible and to refer to their sound mats or your classroom sounds display for support.

	Dictated Sentences
1	He was the scruffiest dog.
2	I like crispier chips.
3	The sloth was the laziest thing in the zoo.
4	It is funnier when my sister tells jokes.

Additional Activities

Write your own silly sentences.

This section of the workbook provides children with an opportunity for open-ended writing. Encourage the children to think of their own silly sentences or normal sentences that contain the focus suffixes. Children can refer to the sound mat below for support when spelling. Encourage the children to challenge themselves and check for appropriate punctuation.

Practise spelling the focus words.

Encourage children to use the following steps to practise the spelling focus words for the week.

1. Encourage the children to look at the word and say it out loud.
2. Next, look and say the word as they write it (the word remains in view at this stage).
3. After that, the children cover the word and write it.
4. Finally, they can check their spelling against the printed word.

Encourage the children to revisit any words they spelt incorrectly, identifying the part of the word they found difficult and repeating the 'cover and write' step again.

Minibooks

For further practice, children can complete the two reading minibooks and one writing minibook for the week.

How confident do you feel?

Encourage children to reflect on how confident they feel about using the focus sounds and common exception words for reading and spelling. Ask them to tick, circle or colour the face which best matches how they feel. Make a note of any children who indicate that they are less confident as they may need further consolidation.