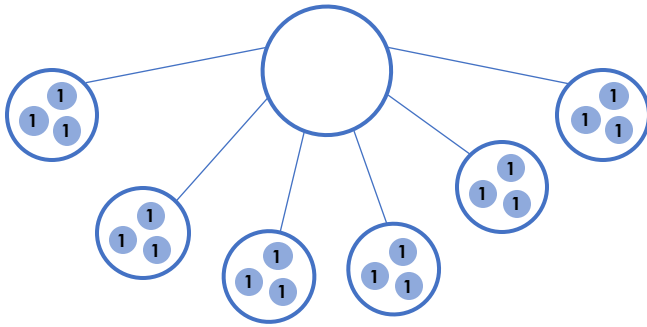


## Multiply by 3

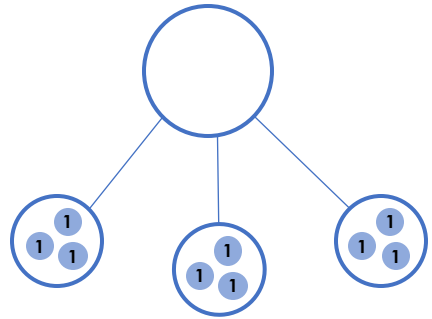
1a. Complete the part-whole model.



VF

## Multiply by 3

1b. Complete the part-whole model.



VF

2a. True or false?

9 groups of 3 is 30.



VF

2b. True or false?

8 groups of 3 is 24.



VF

3a. The balloons have been sorted into groups of 3. Complete the statement.

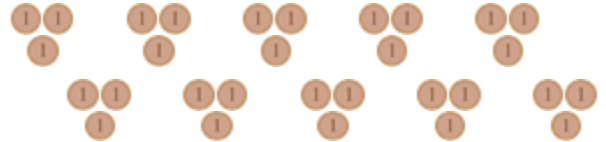


lots of 3 = .



VF

3b. The coins have been sorted into groups of 3. Complete the statement.



lots of 3 = .



VF

4a. Match the representation to the multiplication.

$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$



$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$



$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$



VF

4b. Match the representation to the multiplication.

$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$



$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$$



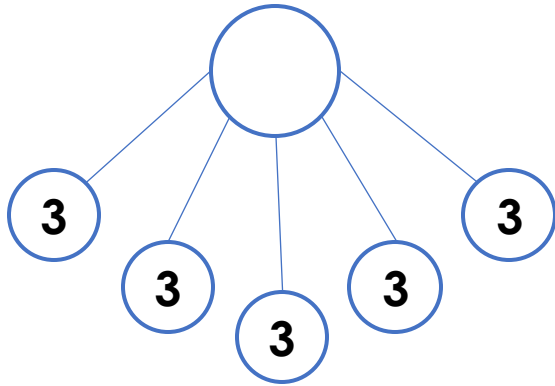
$$3 + 3 + 3 =$$



VF

## Multiply by 3

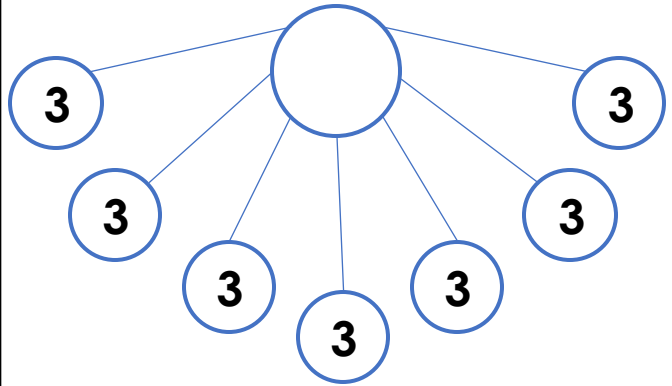
5a. Complete the part-whole model.



VF

## Multiply by 3

5b. Complete the part-whole model.



VF

6a. True or false?

12 groups of three is 30.



VF

6b. True or false?

Six groups of three is 21.



VF

7a. Sort the pencils into groups of 3 and complete the statement.



lots of 3 = .



VF

7b. Sort the sweets into groups of 3 and complete the statement.



lots of 3 = .



VF

8a. Match the representation to the multiplication.

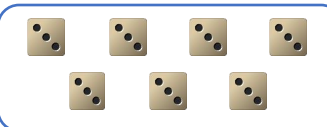
$$7 \times 3 =$$



$$4 \times 3 =$$



$$9 \times 3 =$$



VF

8b. Match the representation to the multiplication.

$$3 \times 3 =$$



$$8 \times 3 =$$



$$5 \times 3 =$$



VF

## Varied Fluency

### Multiply by 3




## Developing

**1a.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 18$**

**2a. False, 9 groups of 3 is 27.**

**3a. 7 lots of 3 = 21**

4a.

$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$ $+ 3 + 3 + 3 =$	
$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$	
$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$ $+ 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$	




**Expected**

**5a.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15$**

**6a. False, 12 groups of 3 is 36.**

**7a. 6 lots of 3 = 18**

8a.

$7 \times 3 =$	
$4 \times 3 =$	
$9 \times 3 =$	

## Greater Depth

**9a.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 30$**

10a. True

**11a.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 12$ ;  $4 \times 3 = 12$**

12a.

$9 \times 3 =$	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 36$
$12 \times 3 =$	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 18$
$6 \times 3 =$	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 27$

## Varied Fluency

### Multiply by 3




## Developing

**1b.  $3 + 3 + 3 = 9$**

2b. True

**3b. 10 lots of 3 = 30.**

**4b.**

$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$	
$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$	
$3 + 3 + 3 =$	




**Expected**

**5b.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 21$**

**6b. False, six groups of three is 18.**

**7b. 8 lots of 3 = 24**

8b.

$3 \times 3 =$	
$8 \times 3 =$	
$5 \times 3 =$	

## Greater Depth

**9b.  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 27$**

**10b. False, the answer is 27.**

**11b.**  $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 24$ ;  $8 \times 3 = 24$

**12b.**

$5 \times 3 =$	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$ <b>33</b>
$11 \times 3 =$	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$ <b>= 15</b>
$7 \times 3 =$	$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 =$ <b>+ 3 + 3 = 21</b>