End of Year Maths Assessment

Year 3

This resource corresponds with the New National Curriculum objectives for Year 3, and has been designed to be used as an aide in assessing pupils' mathematical knowledge at the end of Year 3.

This assessment can be used to assist teachers with end of year ability levelling, planning/assessment and as an ideal support tool for parents' evenings/progress meetings etc.

The content addresses each curricular objective outlined in the New National Curriculum in chronological order to give insight into strengths or gaps in each child's mathematical knowledge.

More Assessment resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to review it here.



Year 3 National Curriculum Objectives:

Number - number and place value

- 1. (3N1b) Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100
- 4. (3N2a) Compare and order numbers up to 1000
- 5 & 6. (3N2a) Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words
- 2. (3N2b) Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number
- 3. (3N3) Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)
- 7. (3N4) Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7. (3N6) Solve number problems and practical problems involving 3N1 3N4

Number - addition and subtraction

(3C1) Add and subtract numbers mentally, including

- 8. three-digit number and ones
- three-digit number and tens
- 10. three-digit number and hundreds
- 11 & 12. (3C2) Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
- 13. (3C3) Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
- 14. (3C4) Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction

Number - multiplication and division

- 15. (3C6) Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
- 16 & 17. (3C7) Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods
- 18. (3C8) Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which *n* objects are connected to mobjects



Year 3 National Curriculum Objectives:

Number - fractions

- 19. (3F1a) Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
- 20. (3F1b) Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- 21. (3F1c) Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- 22. (3F2) Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
- 24 & 25. (3F3) Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
- 23. (3F4) Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7]
- 26. (3F10) Solve problems that involve 3F1 3F4

Measurement

- 27. (3M1a) Compare lengths (m/cm/mm)
- 27. (3M1b) Compare mass (kg/g)
- 27. (3M1c) Compare volume/capacity (l/ml)
- * (3M2a) Measure lengths (m/cm/mm)
- * (3M2b) Measure mass (kg/q)
- * (3M2c) Measure volume/capacity (l/ml)
- 32. (3M4a) Tell and write the time from an analogue clock; 12-hour clocks
- 32. (3M4b) Tell and write the time from an analogue clock; 24-hour clocks
- 32. (3M4c) Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII
- 31, 34 & 35. (3M4d) Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
- 33. (3M4e) Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year



Year 3 National Curriculum Objectives:

Measurement (continued)

- 36. (3M4f) Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]
- 29. (3M7) Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
- 30. (3M9a) Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts
- 28. (3M9b) Add and subtract lengths (m/ cm/ mm)
- 28. (3M9c) Add and subtract mass (kg/g)
- 28. (3M9d) Add and subtract volume/ capacity (l/ ml)

Geometry — properties of shapes

- 42. (3G2) Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines
- 37. (3G3a) <u>Draw 2-D shapes</u>
- 38. (3G3b) Make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them
- * (3G4a) Recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn
- 39, 40 & 41. (3G4b) <u>Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle</u>

Statistics

- 43. (3S1) Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
- 44. (3S2) Solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables



Number and Place Value

. Complet		<u> </u>		ers.		1 [л г	
0	50	100	150]	
0	4	8	12									
0	100	200	300									
0	8	16	24									
2. Find the	followi	ng:										
10 more	than 73	35	100	less the	an 874			100 ı	nore	than	395	
100 less	than 63	80	10 m	nore the	an 206			10 (less th	nan 7	80	
3. Write th	e value	of each	underline	ed digit	•							
<u>4</u> 92			10	<u>)</u> 3				38	6			
2 <u>2</u> 7)2				84	9			
. Use the	symbols	s > or < t	— :o compa	re the r	number	s.	_					
395		539	26	68		682			110			101
out the foll	owing r	numbers	in order	from gr	eatest 1	to led	ast:					
390) 2	04	310	932	526		635		309		240	
5. Write th	e follow	ing num	bers in v	vords.								
237		_			508	3 -						
o. Write th	e follow	ving num	bers as r.	numeral	ls:							
Eight	hundre	d and se	venty		Two	hund	red o	and s	ixty-o	ne		
'. Estimate	the nu	mber of :	- straws th	iere are	in tota	.l: \		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\				





Addition and Subtraction

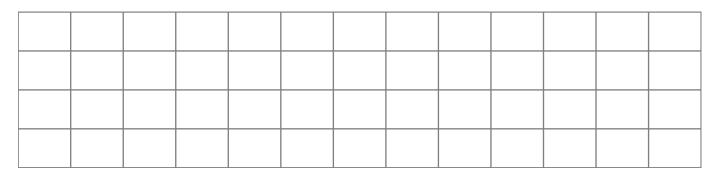
8. Solve the following problems mentally:

806	+	6	=	
				-

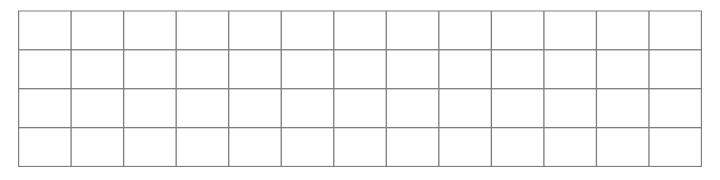
9. Solve the following problems mentally:

10. Solve the following problems mentally:

11. 486 + 208 =



12. 769 – 195 =



Now use the inverse calculation to check your answer.

14. Find the missing numbers.

- 528 = 28

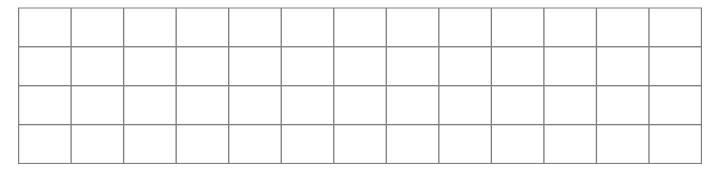
Multiplication and Division

15. Complete the multiplication and division facts for 3, 4 and 8.

16. Teddy pays £2 for an ice cream. How much would 8 ice creams cost?

17. Amir pays £12 for a football shirt. How much would 5 shirts cost?

18. Charlotte wants to buy sweets for her class. There are 28 students in her class and 10 sweets in each bag. How many bags should she buy so each child gets 1 sweet?



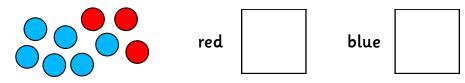


Fractions

19. Complete the sequences.

9	8	7	6	
10	10	10	10	
1	2	3	4	
10	10	10	10	

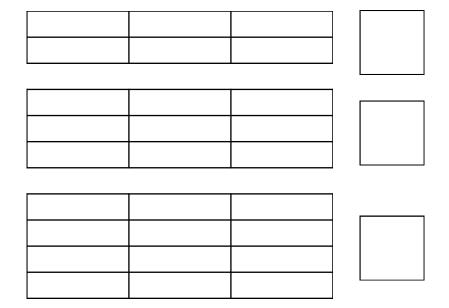
20. Write a fraction to represent the number of red circles and the number of blue circles.



21. Calculate the fraction of each number.

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 30 = $\frac{2}{4}$ of 24 = $\frac{2}{3}$ of 18 = $\frac{2}{5}$ of 15 = $\frac{2}{5}$

22. Shade the shapes to show three fractions that are equivalent to $\frac{2}{3}$.



23. Complete the calculations.

$$\frac{6}{q} - \frac{2}{q} =$$

$$\frac{4}{6} + \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{4}{10} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

24. Order the fractions from largest to smallest.

 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{12}$ $\frac{1}{4}$















25. Order the fractions from smallest to largest.

 $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{6}{8}$





26. Leanora is sharing a pie with 5 of her friends. How many slices must she cut so everyone can have two slices?

Leanora needs to cut

slices for everyone to have two.

How much of the whole pie will each child get? Write as a fraction.

Measurement

27. Use the <, > or = symbols to compare the following:

 1l
 1000ml

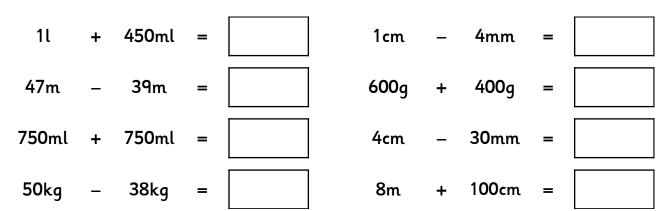
 913kg
 917kg

 10mm
 1cm

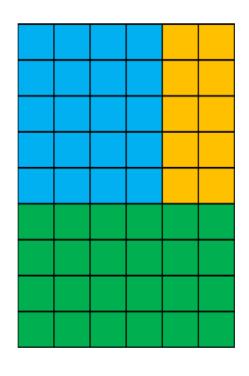
 96l
 95l

875g 892g
20cm 202mm
858ml 848ml
99cm 1m

28. Complete the following calculations.



29. Each square is 1cm long and 1cm tall. Measure the perimeter of the rectangles.



orange
rectangle

green
rectangle

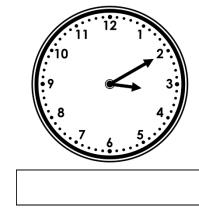
blue
rectangle

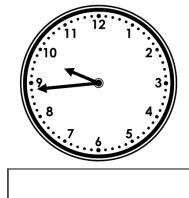
30. Find the total cost of the items listed:

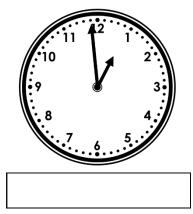
orange juice	£0.70
bread	£1.50
apples	£0.60
milk	£1.20
cheese	£0.50
Total:	

How much change would you receive from a ten pound note?

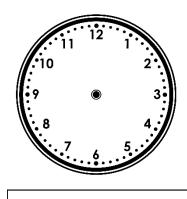
31. What time does each clock read?



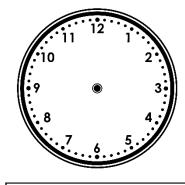




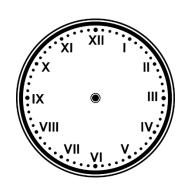
32. Draw hands on the clocks to show the following times:



7:26



18:11



23:04



seconds are i	n one minute	?				
s are in the fo	ollowing mon	:hs?				
	June		February			
	December		May			
is are in a yec	ur? H	low many days	are in a leap y	year?		
owing times i	n the morning	g or afternoon?				
morning	afternoon		morning	afternoon		
		11:07				
		3:15 AM				
		12:04				
a clock before	e he goes to b	ed. The hour ho	and points at ^c	I and the		
6. Use the <, > or = symbols to compare the following lengths of time: 1:00pm to 5:30pm 8:30pm to 9:30pm 7:30am to 12:00pm 5:00am to 11:00am 12:30pm to 3:00pm 4:00pm to 6:30pm 2:15pm to 5:30pm 4:00am to 7:30am						
	s are in the formula owing times is morning s at her watch hand points a clock before than 12. Here is at 12. Here is at 12. Here is a 130 am to 1400 pm to 1500 pm	June December s are in a year? The owing times in the morning afternoon s at her watch in the morn hand points at 6. How wo hand points at 12. How would you so or = symbols to compare 1:00pm to 5:30pm 7:30am to 12:00pm	December Solve are in a year? How many days The morning or afternoon? The morning afternoon The morning afternoon The hour has at her watch in the morning. The hour has a clock before he goes to bed. The hour has bints at 12. How would you show this time on the hour has at 12. How would you show this time on the hour has at 12. How would you show this time on the hour has at 12. How would you show this time on the hour has at 12. How would you show this time on the hour has at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has a clock before he goes to bed. The hour has bints at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has a clock before he goes to bed. The hour has bints at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show this time of the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would you show the hour has been at 12. How would y	June February December May s are in a year? How many days are in a leap young times in the morning or afternoon? morning afternoon morning 11:07 3:15 AM 12:04 s at her watch in the morning. The hour hand points bet hand points at 6. How would you show this time on a 2 control of the		



Geometry

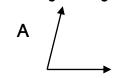
37. Draw the following 2D shapes below their names.

circle	hexagon	pentagon	rectangle	triangle	square

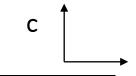
38. Fill in the table with the properties of the 3D shapes.

Name of shape		
edges		
vertices		
faces		

39. Circle the right angle.

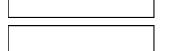


В



40. How many right angles make a half turn?

How many right angles make a whole turn?



41. Are the following angles greater than or less than a right angle?





42. Draw a pair of each of the following:

vertical parallel lines	horizontal parallel lines	perpendicular lines



Statistics

43. Draw a bar chart that displays the information from the pictogram.

Animal	Votes (1 circle = 3 votes)		
Dog			
Cat			
Horse			
Giraffe			

44.	What is the most popular animal?	
	How many more people like dogs than horses?	

How many fewer people voted for cats than dogs?

How many people voted in total?

Number and Place Value

- 1. 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 32, 40, 48, 56, 64, 72
- 2. 745 774 495 530 216 698
- 3. 4 hundreds 0 tens 6 ones 2 tens 8 hundreds 9 ones
- 4. <, <, >

932, 635, 526, 390, 310, 309, 240, 204

- 5. two hundred and thirty-seven five hundred and eight three hundred and seventy-three seven hundred and ten
- 6. 35 would be a reasonable estimate (3 bunches of 10 plus 5 loose). There are actually 3 bunches of 8 plus five loose (29).
- 7. 870 261

Addition and Subtraction

- 8. 812 489 389 606
- 9. 788 143 482 689
- 10. 796 490 422 812
- 11. 694
- 12. **574**
- 13. Estimate around 100 (500 + 100 = 600); actual answer is 108
- 14. 170813

Multiplication and Division

15.
$$7 \times 4 = 28$$
 $36 \div 3 = 12$ $3 \times 6 = 18$ $8 \times 5 = 40$ $8 \times 9 = 72$ $11 \times 8 = 88$ $3 \times 12 = 36$ $4 \times 8 = 32$ $24 \div 4 = 6$ $32 \div 8 = 4$

$$36 \div 4 = \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \end{array}} \quad 11 \times 4 = \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 44 \\ \end{array}} \quad 27 \div 3 = \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \end{array}} \quad 12 \times 8 = \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 96 \\ \end{array}} \quad 6 \times 6 = \boxed{\begin{array}{c} 36 \\ \end{array}}$$

16.
$$£2 \times 8 = £16$$

Fractions

19.
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 $\frac{4}{10}$ $\frac{3}{10}$ $\frac{2}{10}$ $\frac{5}{10}$ $\frac{6}{10}$ $\frac{7}{10}$ $\frac{8}{10}$

24.
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{10}$

25.
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 $\frac{2}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{8}{8}$

12 slices
$$\frac{2}{12}$$
 or $\frac{1}{6}$

Measurement

1kg

1cm

9m

38kg

$$30mm =$$

29. Orange: 14cm

Green: 20cm Blue: 18cm

12kq

8m

30. £4.50 total, £5.50 change

32.



7:26



18:11



33. 60 seconds

31 30 28 or 29 30 31 31

365 days in a year 366 days in a leap year

34. Morning Afternoon
4:06 PM

	Morning	Afternoon
11:07	✓	
3:15 AM	✓	
12:04		√

35. Emma's watch: 07:30 Jonas' clock: 21:00

36. 1:00pm to 5:30pm

07:00

21:35

> 8:30pm to 9:30pm

7:30am to 12:00pm

< 5:00am to 11:00am

12:30pm to 3:00pm

=

4:00pm to 6:30pm

2:15pm to 5:30pm

<

4:00am to 7:30am

37.

4

3	8.				
	Name of shape	Pyramid	Cuboid	Cone	Cylinder
	edges	6	12	1	2
	vertices	4	8	1	0

6

1

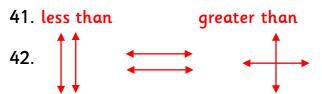
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39. C

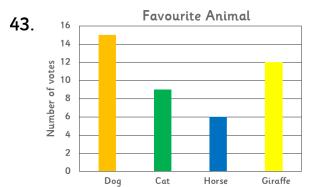
faces

40. 2 right angles 4 right angles





Statistics



44. dog9 more6 fewer42 people in total