

Varied Fluency

Step 9: Fractions of a Quantity

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 4: (4F2) [Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions](#)

Mathematics Year 4: (4F10a) [Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number](#)

Differentiation:

Developing Questions to support finding fractions of quantities. Involves unit fractions only.

Expected Questions to support finding fractions of quantities. Involves non-unit fractions in their simplest form.

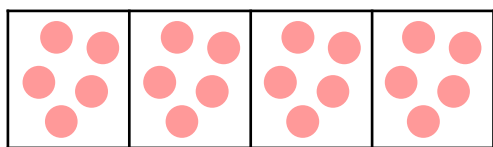
Greater Depth Questions to support finding fractions of quantities. Involves non-unit fractions and the use of related facts.

More [Year 4 Fractions](#) resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to [review](#) it on our website.

Fractions of a Quantity

1a. Circle the number that is $\frac{1}{4}$ of the whole number represented below.



20

5

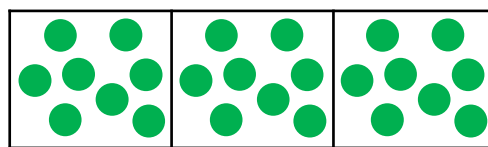
14



VF

Fractions of a Quantity

1b. Circle the number that is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the whole number represented below.



13

24

8



VF

2a. Solve the calculation.

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 21 = \square$$

21		
7	7	7



VF

2b. Solve the calculation.

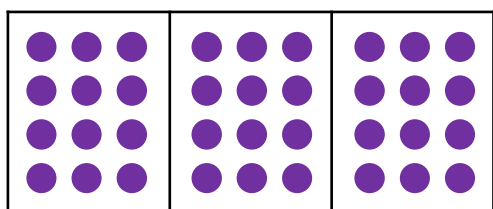
$$\frac{1}{10} \text{ of } 60 = \square$$

60									
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6



VF

3a. Find a third of thirty-six.

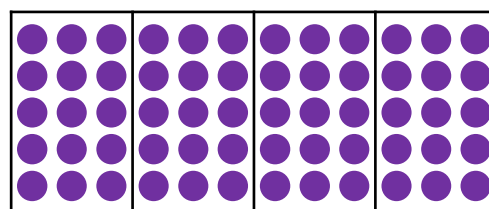


$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 36 = \square$$



VF

3b. Find a quarter of sixty.



$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 60 = \square$$



VF

4a. Use counters to match the calculation to the answer.

A. $\frac{1}{10}$ of 80

8

B. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24

6

C. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 15

8

D. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 16

5



VF

4b. Use counters to match the calculation to the answer.

A. $\frac{1}{10}$ of 50

7

B. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 21

5

C. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 44

14

D. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 28

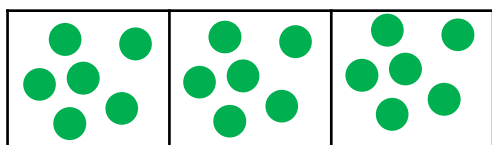
11



VF

Fractions of a Quantity

5a. Circle the number that is $\frac{2}{3}$ of the whole number represented below.



12

10

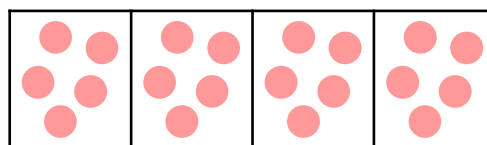
18



VF

Fractions of a Quantity

5b. Circle the number that is $\frac{3}{4}$ of the whole number represented below.



5

20

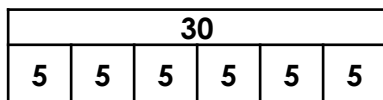
15



VF

6a. Solve the calculation.

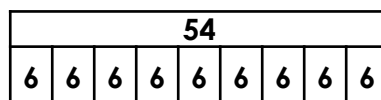
$$\frac{5}{6} \text{ of } 30 = \square$$



VF

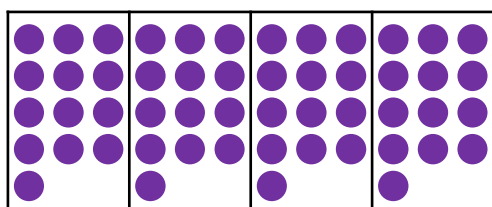
6b. Solve the calculation.

$$\frac{7}{9} \text{ of } 54 = \square$$



VF

7a. Find three quarters of fifty-two.

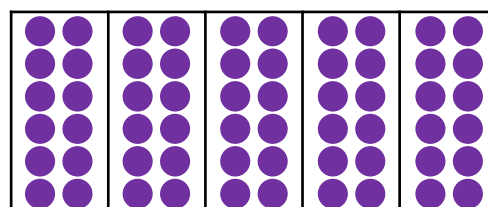


$$\frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 52 = \square$$



VF

7b. Find two fifths of sixty.



$$\frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 60 = \square$$



VF

8a. Use counters to match the calculation to the answer.

A. $\frac{3}{5}$ of 35

63

B. $\frac{9}{10}$ of 70

21

C. $\frac{3}{7}$ of 56

45

D. $\frac{5}{8}$ of 72

24



VF

8b. Use counters to match the calculation to the answer.

A. $\frac{5}{6}$ of 36

24

B. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 36

33

C. $\frac{5}{7}$ of 28

30

D. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 44

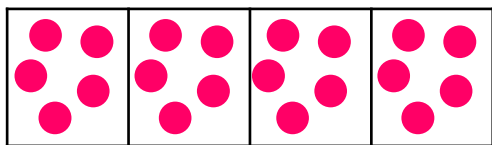
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VF

Fractions of a Quantity

9a. Circle the number that is $\frac{4}{8}$ of the whole number represented below.



20

40

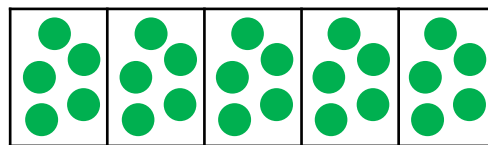
10



VF

Fractions of a Quantity

9b. Circle the number that is $\frac{4}{10}$ of the whole number represented below.



10

25

20



VF

10a. Use the first calculation to solve the second.

$$\frac{6}{8} \text{ of } 44 = 33$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \text{ of } 880 = \square$$



VF

10b. Use the first calculation to solve the second.

$$\frac{5}{7} \text{ of } 42 = 30$$

$$\frac{5}{7} \text{ of } 840 = \square$$



VF

11a. Use the related facts to solve both calculations.

$$\text{If } \frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 40 = \square$$

$$\text{then } \frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 80 = \square$$



VF

11b. Use the related facts to solve both calculations.

$$\text{If } \frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 75 = \square$$

$$\text{then } \frac{4}{5} \text{ of } 150 = \square$$



VF

12a. Use counters to match the calculation to the answer.

A. $\frac{6}{9}$ of 27

20

B. $\frac{3}{8}$ of 80

18

C. $\frac{6}{9}$ of 270

30

D. $\frac{6}{12}$ of 40

180



VF

12b. Use counters to match the calculation to the answer.

A. $\frac{4}{6}$ of 30

23

B. $\frac{3}{5}$ of 25

20

C. $\frac{5}{10}$ of 46

24

D. $\frac{9}{12}$ of 32

15



VF

Varied Fluency
Fractions of a Quantity

Developing

- 1a. 5
2a. 7
3a. 12
4a. A. 8; B. 6; C. 5; D. 8

Expected

- 5a. 12
6a. 25
7a. 39
8a. A. 21; B. 63; C. 24; D. 45

Greater Depth

- 9a. 10
10a. 660
11a. If $\frac{1}{4}$ of 40 = 10, then $\frac{3}{4}$ of 80 = 60.
12a. A. 18; B. 30; C. 180; D. 20

Varied Fluency
Fractions of a Quantity

Developing

- 1b. 8
2b. 6
3b. 15
4b. A. 5; B. 7; C. 11; D. 14

Expected

- 5b. 15
6b. 42
7b. 24
8b. A. 30; B. 24; C. 20; D. 33

Greater Depth

- 9b. 10
10b. 600
11b. If $\frac{2}{5}$ of 75 = 30, then $\frac{4}{5}$ of 150 = 120.
12b. A. 20; B. 15; C. 23; D. 24